



THEN, AS WE GREW, WE WERE EXPECTED TO GRADUATE TO BOOKS WITH MUCH MORE TEXT AND ONLY OCCASIONAL PICTURES --

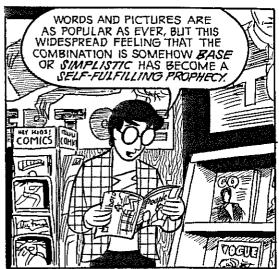


-- AND FINALLY TO ARRIVE AT "REAL" BOOKS -- THOSE WITH NO PICTURES AT ALL.

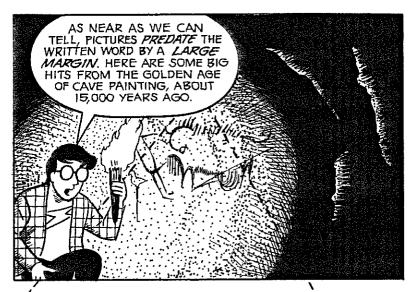


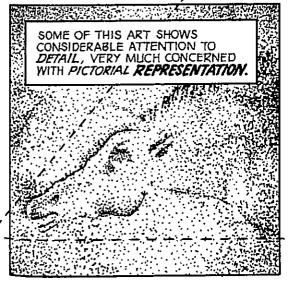


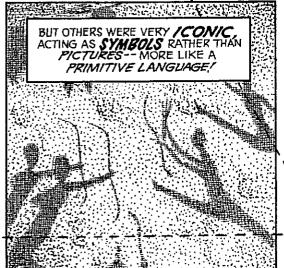


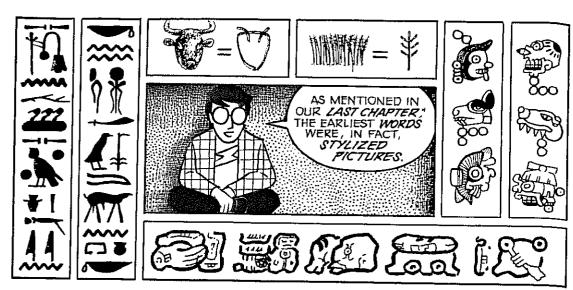


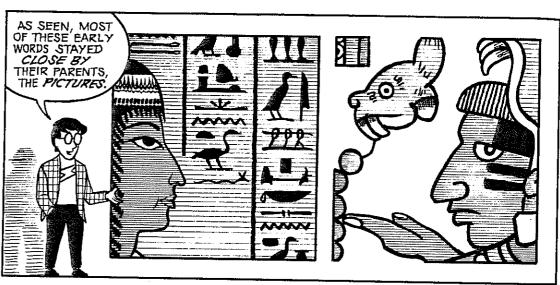


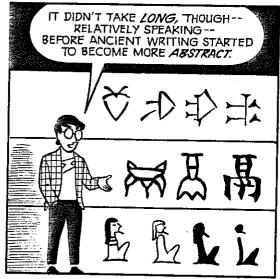




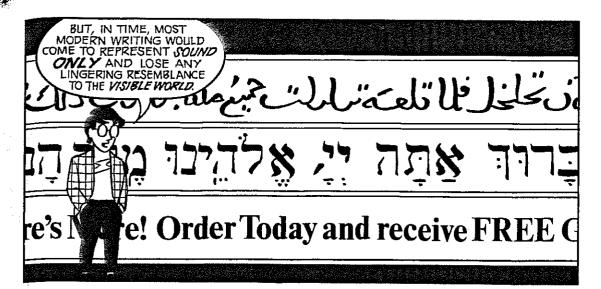


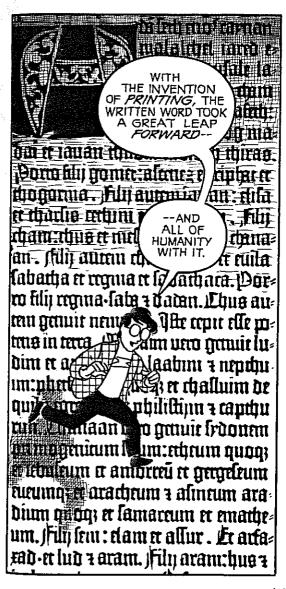


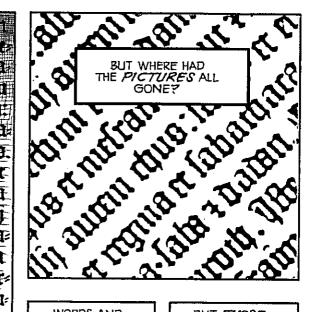








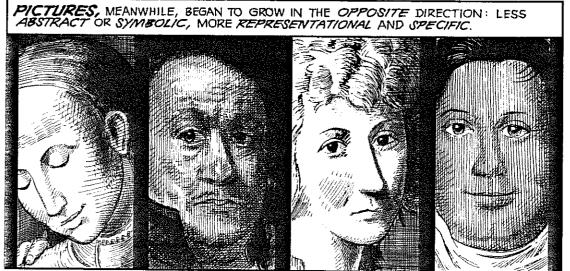




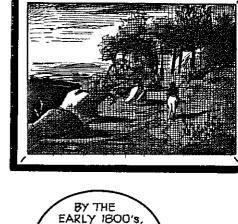








FACSIMILE DETAILS OF PORTRAITS BY DURER (1519) REMBRANDT (1660) DAVID (1788) AND INGRES (1810-15).



John Keats 1819 Ode on a Grecian Urn

Thou still unravish'd bride of quietness,
Thou foster-child of silence and slow time,
Sylvan historian, who canst thus express
A flowery tale more sweetly than our rhyme:
What leaf fring'd legend haunts about thy shape
Of deities or mortals, or of both,

In Tempe or the dales of Arcady?
What men or gods are these? What maidens loth?
What mad pursuit? What struggle to escape?
What pipes and timbrels? What wild ecstasy?

BY THE
EARLY 1800'S,
WESTERN ART
AND WRITING HAD
DRIFTED ABOUT AS
FAR APART AS
WAS POSSIBLE.

ONE WAS
OBSESSED WITH
RESEMBLANCE,
LIGHT AND COLOR,
ALL THINGS
VISIBLE...

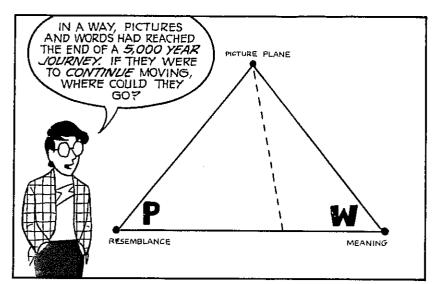
FACSIMILE OF JEAN-BAPTISTE-CAMILLE COROT'S "A VIEW NEAR VOLTERRAY(1838).



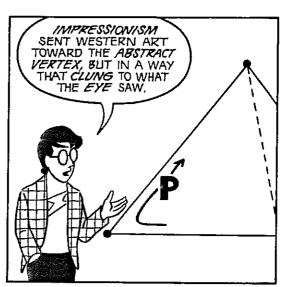
...THE
OTHER RICH IN
INVISIBLE
TREASURES,
SENSES, EMOTIONS,
SPIRITUALITY,
PHILOSOPHY...

FIRST STANZA OF KEATS" POEM.

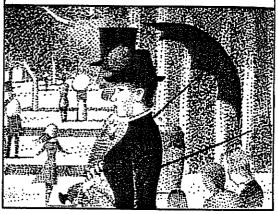
PICTURES
AND WORDS,
ONCE TOGETHER
IN THE CENTER OF
OUR ICONIC
ABSTRACTION
CHART, HAVE AT
THIS POINT
DRIFTED TO
OPPOSITE
CORNERS.



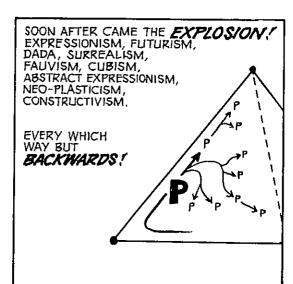




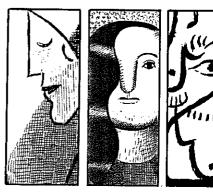
IMPRESSIONISM, WHILE IT COULD BE THOUGHT OF AS THE FIRST **MODERN** MOVEMENT, WAS MORE A CULMINATION OF THE **OLD**, THE ULTIMATE STUDY OF LIGHT AND COLOR.



FACSBALE DETALL OF "A SUNDAY AFTERNOON ON THE I

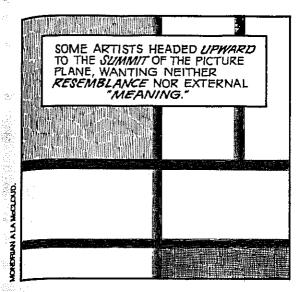


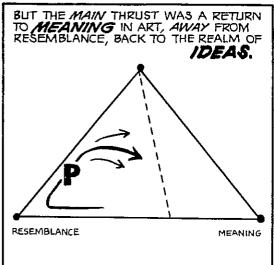
STRICT REPRESENTATIONAL STYLES WERE OF LITTLE IMPORTANCE TO THE NEW SCHOOLS. ABSTRACTION, BOTH ICONIC AND NON-ICONIC MADE A SPECTACULAR COMEBACK!

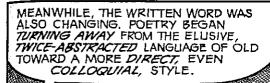




FACSIMILE DETAILS OF PORTRAITS BY PICASSO. LEGER AND KLEE.









John Kests 1819 Ode on a Grecian Urn

Thou still unravish'd bride of quietness,
Thou foster-child of silence and slow time,
Sylvan historian, who caust thus express
A flowery tale more sweetly than our rhyme:
What leaf fring'd legend haunts about thy thape
Of desities or mortals, or of both,
In Tempe or the dales of Accady!
What his n'er and back there? What made in both?

Walt Whitman 1890 Facing West from California's Shores

Facing west, from California's shores, Inquiring, tireless, seeking what is vet unfound. I, a child, very old, over waves, towards the house of maternity, the land of migrations, look afar Look off the shores of my Western sea, the drcle almost drcled: For starting westward from Hindustan, from the vales of Kashmere, From Asia, from the north, from the God, the sage, and the hero, From the south, from the flowery peninsulas and the spice islands, Long having wandered since, round the earth having wandered, Now I face home again, very pleased and joyous;

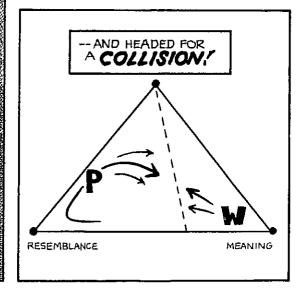
(But where is what I started for,

And why is it yet unfound?)

so long ago?

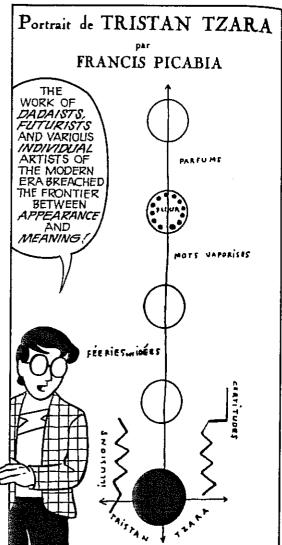
IN PROSE,
LANGUAGE WAS
BECOMING EVEN MORE
DIRECT, CONVEYING
MEANING SIMPLY
AND QUICKLY,
MORE LIKE
PICTURES.

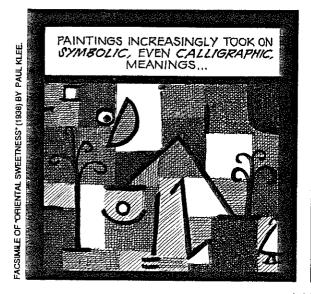




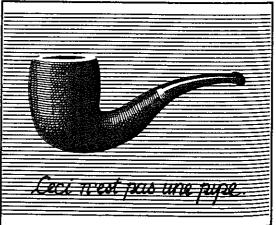


DADA POSTER FOR THE PLAY "THE BEARDED HEART"

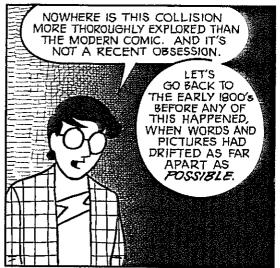




WHILE SOME ARTISTS ADDRESSED THE IRONIES OF WORDS AND PICTURES HEAD-ON!







UP TO THAT POINT, EUROPEAN
BROADSHEETS HAD OFFERED REMINDERS
OF WHAT WORDS AND PICTURES COULD
DO WHEN COMBINED.

BUT AGAIN IT WAS RODOLPHE TÖPFFER WHO FORESAW THEIR INTERDEPENDENCY AND BROUGHT THE FAMILY BACK TOGETHER AT LAST.



M. CREPIN ADVERTISES FOR A TUTOR, AND MANY APPLY FOR THE JOB.

TRANSLATION BY E. WIESE,

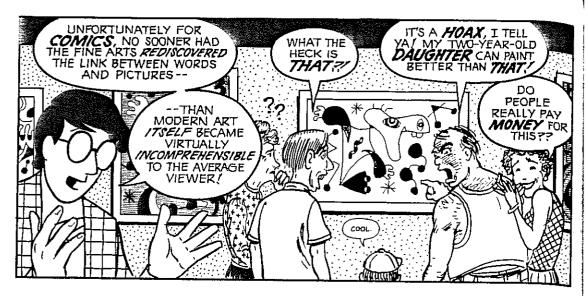


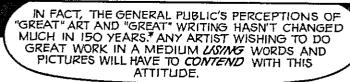






AN INSTINCT









Thou still unravish'd bride Thou foster-child of siles Sylvan historian, who cans A flowery tale more sweetl What leaf fring'd legend hi Of deities or mortals, or In Tempe or the dales What men or gods are th What mad pursuit? What What nines and timbrels



BECAUSE, DEEP DOWN INSIDE, MANY COMICS CREATORS STILL MEASURE ART AND WRITING BY DIFFERENT STANDARDS AND ACT ON THE FAITH THAT "GREAT" ART AND "GREAT" WRITING WILL COMBINE HARMONIOUSLY BY VIRTUE OF QUALITY ALONE.





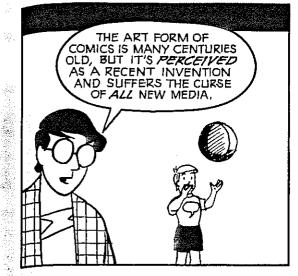




TWO EYES, Thy youth's

ONE NOSE, > so gas'd

ONE MOUTH. on now...

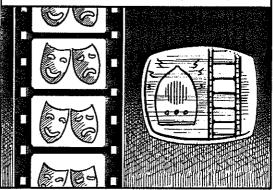


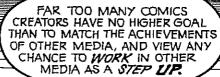






EACH NEW MEDIUM BEGINS ITS LIFE BY IMITATING ITS PREDECESSORS. MANY EARLY MOVIES WERE LIKE FILMED STAGE PLAYS, MUCH EARLY TELEVISION WAS LIKE RADIO WITH PICTURES OR REDUCED MOVIES.

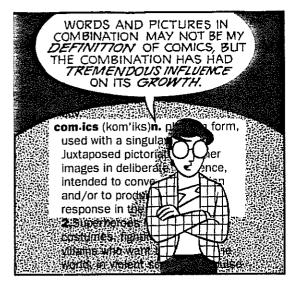






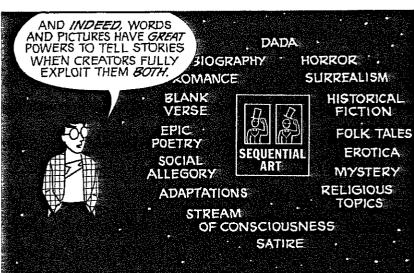
AND AGAIN, AS LONG AS WE VIEW COMICS AS A GENRE OF WRITING OR A STYLE OF GRAPHIC ART THIS ATTITUDE MAY NEVER DISAPPEAR.



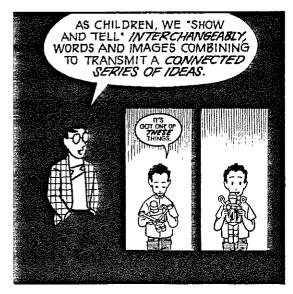












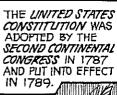








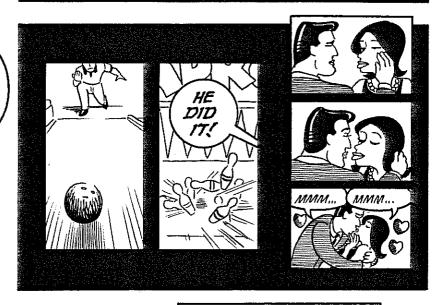






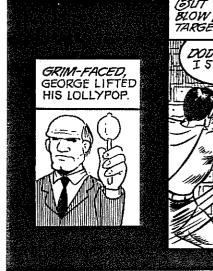
## THEN THERE ARE PICTURE SPECIFIC COMBINATIONS WHERE WORDS DO LITTLE MORE THAN ADD A SOUNDTRACK TO A VISUALLY TOLD SEQUENCE.



















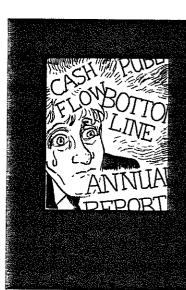






STILL
ANOTHER
OPTION IS THE
MONTAGE
WHERE WORDS
ARE TREATED
AS INTEGRAL
PARTS OF THE
PICTURE.









PERHAPS
THE MOST
COMMON TYPE
OF WORD/PICTURE
COMBINATION
IS THE INTERDEPENDENT,
WHERE WORDS AND
PICTURES GO
HAND IN HAND
TO CONVEY AN IDEA
THAT NEITHER
COULD CONVEY
ALONE.





